Missouri Manufacturing Indicators

The Missouri Manufacturing Indicators is a bi-monthly brief that uses several surveys to highlight recent manufacturing economic activity. The latest figures for this brief include:

- The Missouri manufacturing sector employed 291,100 people in October 2024. Production employment grew by 2.5% over the past 12 months, less than the increase in overall Missouri employment (2.7%). U.S. manufacturing employment contracted 0.4% over the year.
- The October 2024 Missouri purchasing management index shows a slightly expansionary outlook, marginally better than the prior two months when the index was in contractionary territory.
- The Mid-America price index, for Missouri and most surrounding states, indicates that wholesale price inflation pressures are easing, despite a slightly higher index level than the national average.
- Missouri manufacturing hourly earnings advanced by 7% from a year earlier, based on a three-month moving average ending in October. This growth rate surpassed annual consumer inflation of 2.5% and was more than double the U.S. manufacturing earnings growth over the same period (4.7%).

Missouri Manufacturing Employment Increased Slightly in October

Missouri manufacturers employed 291,100 workers in October 2024, an increase of 900 jobs from September, according to preliminary U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) estimates. Over one year, Missouri manufacturing jobs increased by 7,000, representing a 2.5% gain in production jobs since October 2023 (U.S. -0.4%).

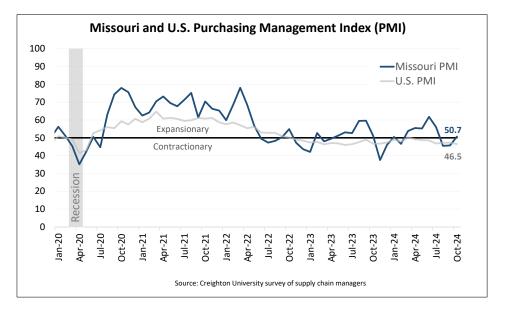


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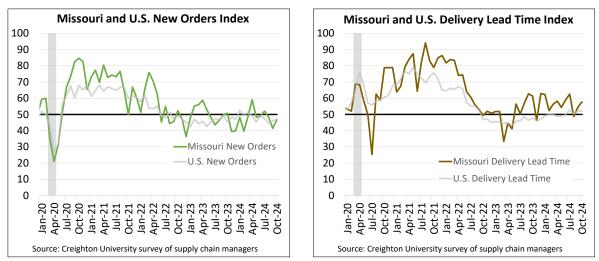
Missouri Purchasing Management Index (PMI) Up Slightly from Past Two Months

Creighton University produces a monthly <u>purchasing management index</u> that averages several indices to track trends such as new orders, production, and inventories. The index ranges between 0 and 100 with values over 50 indicating an expansionary outlook for manufacturing over the next three to six months and values below 50 pointing toward a contractionary period. The index is a leading indicator of manufacturing activity and mirrors the national Institute of Supply Management (ISM) survey methodology.

• The October 2024 PMI index shows Missouri moving slightly into expansionary territory (50.7) from the prior months. The U.S. level of 46.5 kept the nation's index slightly below Missouri in contractionary territory.



- The Missouri new orders index was 46.8 in October, up from the previous month but still in contractionary territory. The U.S. new orders index was 47.1 in October.
- Elevated Missouri supplier delivery lead times a significant issue in prior years remained slightly above U.S. levels in 2024.



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The Wholesale Price Index Remains Elevated in the Mid-America Region

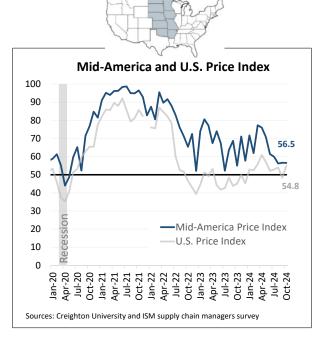
According to the Creighton University survey, the October 2024 Mid-America wholesale price index (56.5) indicates that regional manufacturers continue to face slightly elevated prices when compared to the nation (54.8). State-level price indices are not available from this survey.

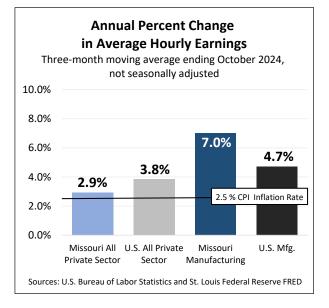
Missouri Manufacturing Earnings Continue Rise at Faster Rate than U.S. Levels

Missouri manufacturing employees' three-month average hourly earnings was \$35.66 in October 2024, up 7% from a year earlier. Earnings data – gross payrolls divided by total hours worked – come from non-seasonally adjusted, preliminary figures produced by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. The U.S. growth rate of manufacturing earnings was 4.7% over the same period – see chart. Average hourly earnings for U.S. producers were \$34.29 for the three-month average ending in October.

Missouri's manufacturing earnings growth rate of 7% was more than the annual increase in Missouri's total private sector hourly earnings (2.9%). Private sector earnings in the U.S. increased by 3.8% year-over-year.

With an inflation rate of 2.5% over the same period, earnings gained in Missouri's private and manufacturing sectors were above cost-of-living increases. In the private sector, the growth was 2.9%, just above the inflation rate, while in manufacturing, the growth was significantly higher than annual consumer price increases.





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