Mechanics of the USDA Margin Insurance Proposed in the Farm Bill

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Agricultural Markets and Policy

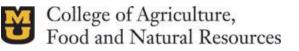
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A Different Form of Risk Protection Coming?

- Farm bill alternatives still being debated
- Dairy margin protection has been front and center
- Much discussion around the market stabilization component
- Margin protection is VERY different than other marketbased risk management tools
- It is time for producers to think about their use of the program
 - How good of a risk reduction tool is it on your operation?
 - Can it be used with other market risk reduction tools?



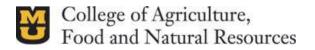
Margin Protection (Milk Price Less Feed Costs) Has Been The Focus

- The combination of high feed costs and price volatility has led the discussion of margin protection
- Protecting margins instead of just milk prices helps on government outlays because milk prices and feed costs are correlated
- This margin is what producers have available to pay for all other costs besides feed costs
- $\hfill\square$ There has been inflation in these other costs over time
- Producer response to margin risk reduction

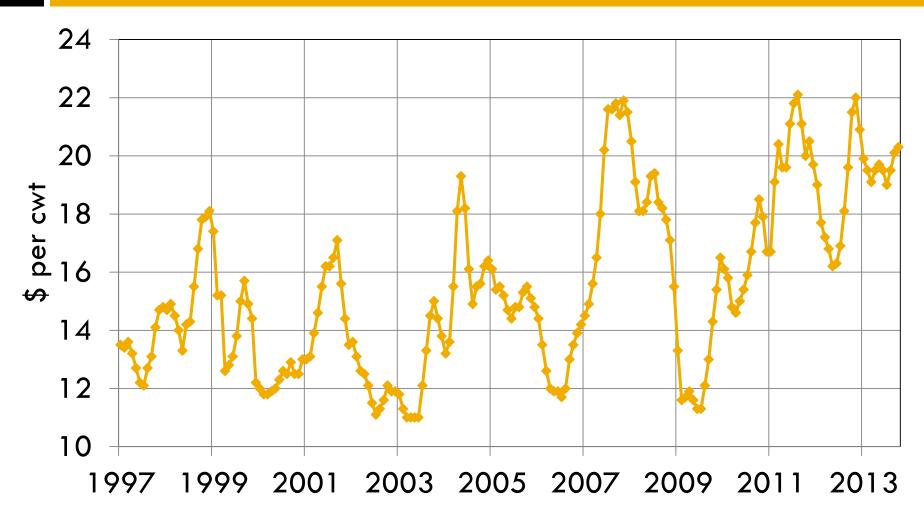
National Program Margin Calculation

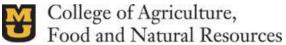
All Milk Price less Feed Cost

The average cost of feed for a dairy operation required to produce a Cwt. Of milk, determined in accordance with the following formula: [1.0728 x price of corn/bu.] + [0.00735 x price of soybean meal/ton] + [0.0137 x price of alfalfa hay/ton].

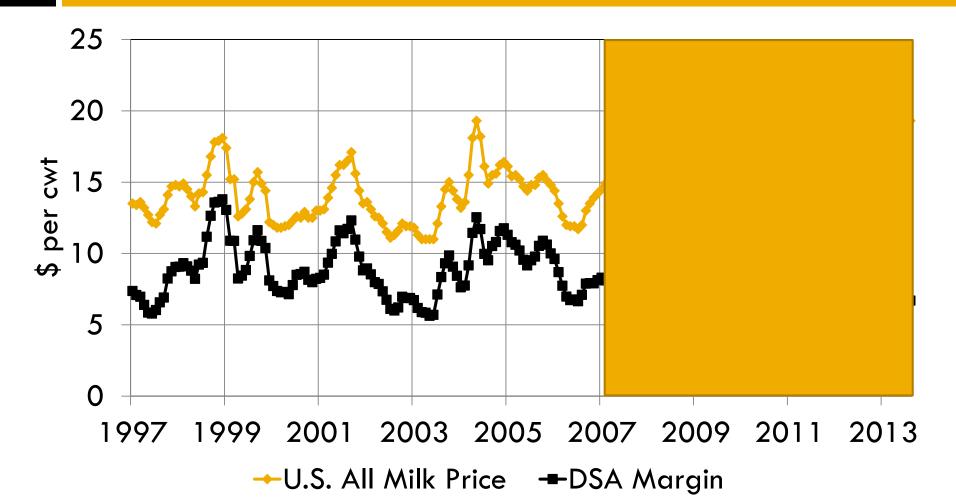


Monthly U.S. All Milk Prices



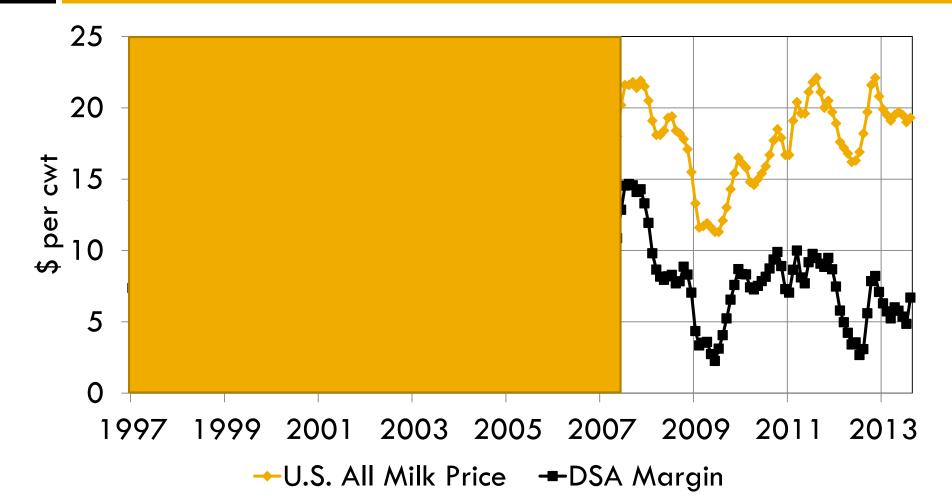


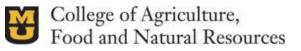
Dairy Industry Facing Milk Price and Margin Volatility



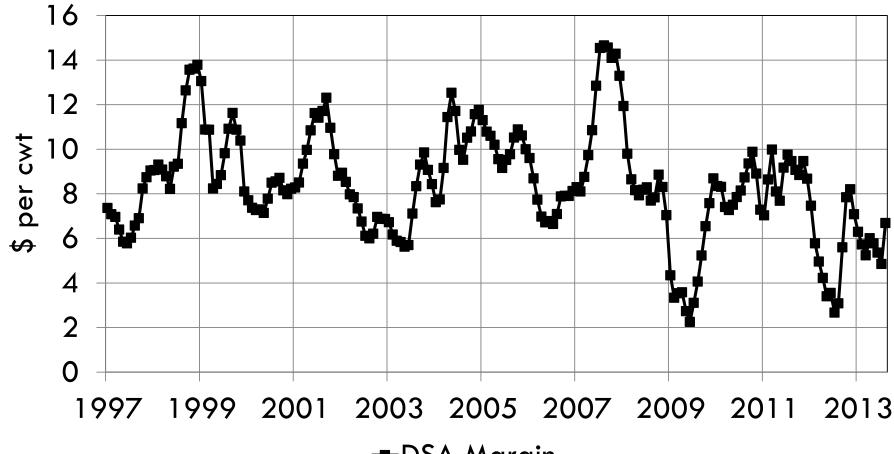
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Dairy Industry Facing Milk Price and Margin Volatility

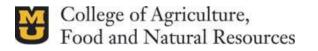




How Does Your Operation's Margin Compare to the U.S. Margin?



-DSA Margin



Senate Dairy Provisions

- Producer participation is voluntary
- Dairy Producer Margin Protection Program (DPMPP)
 - Base Program 80% historical base, margin < \$4 triggers payments
 - Supplemental Program Producer can buy-up margin coverage, up to \$8 coverage, lower premiums for the first 4 million pounds, supplemental base adjusts, 25 to 90% annual coverage choice
- Dairy Market Stabilization Program (DMSP)
 - Producer milk marketings capped when margins < \$6</p>
 - U.S. to world price triggers kick out the program

Annual registration fee



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How does the Dairy Market Stabilization Program work?

\square \$6 for 2 consecutive months

- Producers paid for 98% of their base milk marketings
- Maximum reduction is 6% of current milk marketings

\square \$5 for 2 consecutive months

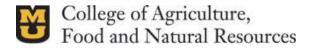
- Producers paid for 97% of their base milk marketings
- Maximum reduction is 7% of current milk marketings

\Box \$4 for 1 month

- Producers paid for 96% of their base milk marketings
- Maximum reduction is 8% of current milk marketings

House Dairy Provisions

- Producer participation is voluntary
- Dairy Producer Margin Protection Program (DPMPP)
 - Producer can buy-up margin coverage, up to \$8 coverage, lower premiums for the first 4 million pounds, base adjusts, 25 to 80% annual coverage choice



There Are Different Premiums For Each Coverage Level

	Senate Bill		House Bill	
Coverage	First 4 million	Above 4 million	First 4 million	Above 4 million
Level	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs
\$4.00	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.030
\$4.50	\$0.010	\$0.020	\$0.010	\$0.045
\$5.00	\$0.020	\$0.040	\$0.020	\$0.066
\$5.50	\$0.035	\$0.100	\$0.035	\$0.110
\$6.00	\$0.045	\$0.150	\$0.045	\$0.185
\$6.50	\$0.090	\$0.290	\$0.090	\$0.290
\$7.00	\$0.400	\$0.620	\$0.180	\$0.380
\$7.50	\$0.600	\$0.830	\$0.600	\$0.830
\$8.00	\$0.950	\$1.060	\$0.950	\$1.060



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Farm Example – Senate Margin Insurance

Historical Marketings 2,000,000 pounds

Base Programketings 1,600,000 pounds ds

Supplemental Programs 0 to 21,800,000 pounds First decision: Does the producer participate?

If yes, then this farm has two choices regarding supplemental coverage:

Level of coverage 0%, 25% to 90%
Allow for growth in marketings



Farm Example – Senate Margin Insurance

Historical Marketings 2,000,000 pounds

Base Programketings 1,600,000 pounds ds

Supplemental Programs 0 to 21,800,000 pounds Year (N-1) Marketings 3,000,000 pounds

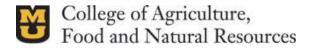
Base Program 1) Marketings 1,600,000 pounds 0 pounds

> Supplemental Programss 0 to 2,700,000 pounds

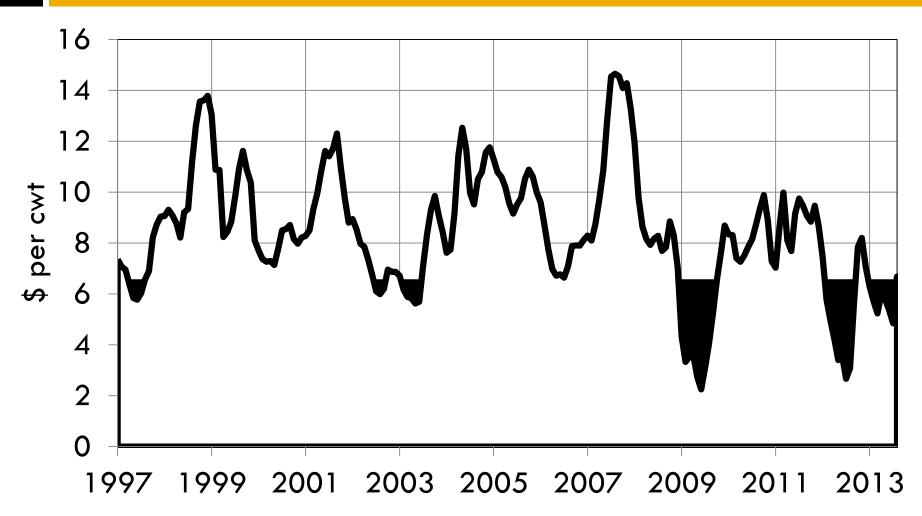


Other Details

- □ You need to sign up for the life of the farm bill
- You need to pick a coverage level at the beginning of each year
- Remember, you can use other risk management tools with this type of program
 - Futures market
 - Forward contract

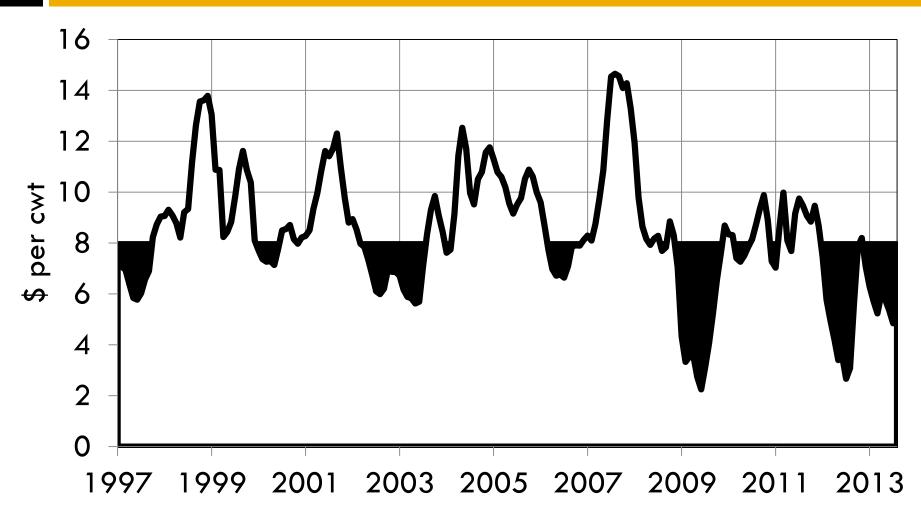


You Could Pick \$6.50 Coverage



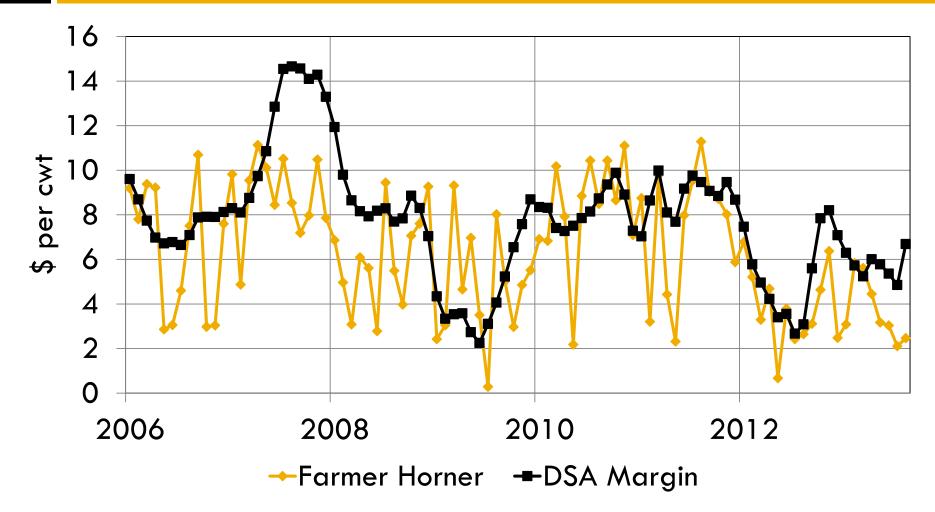


You Could Pick \$8.00 Coverage



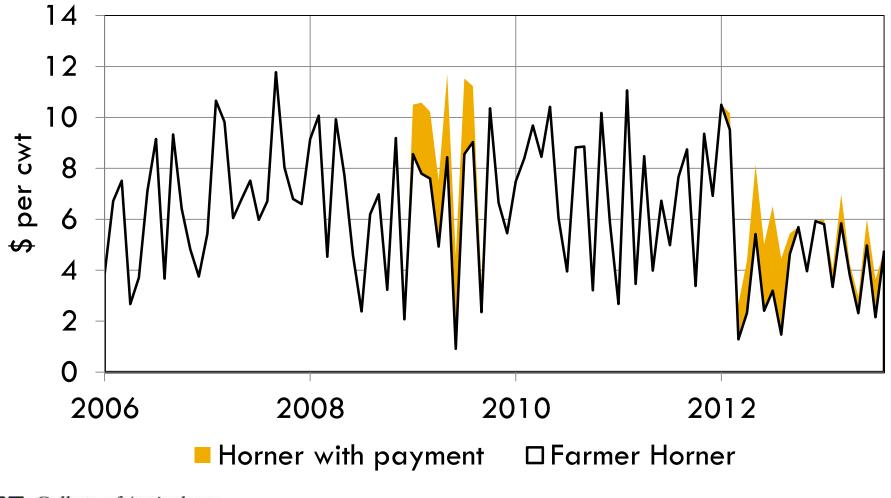


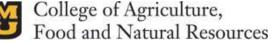
Should This Producer Sign Up? Horner Example



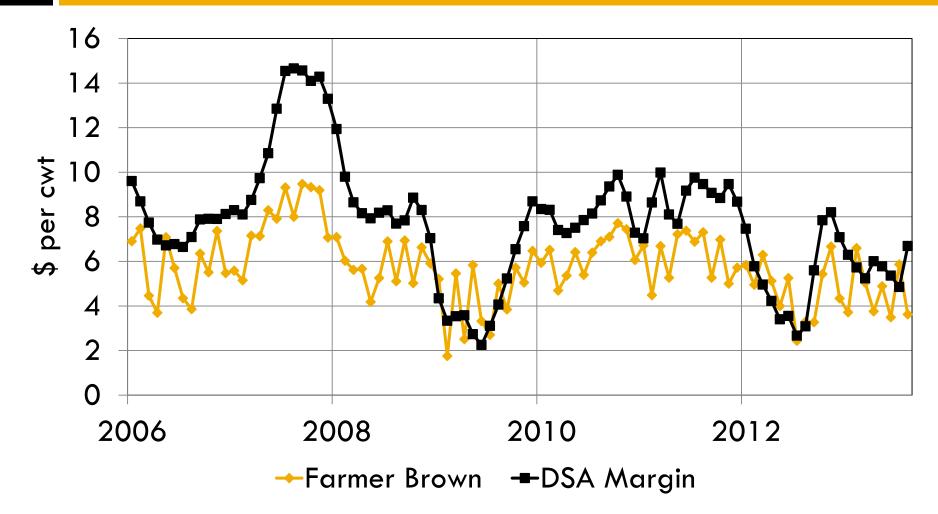


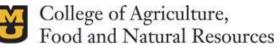
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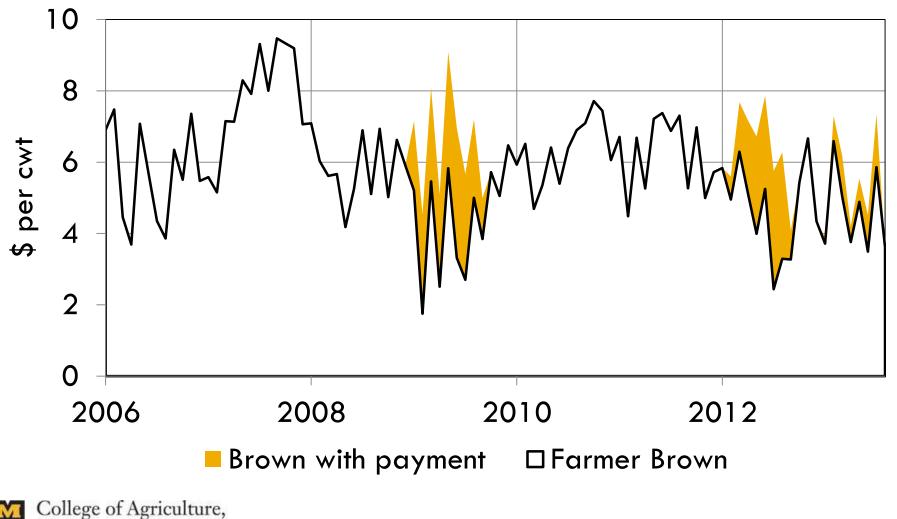


Should This Producer Sign Up? Brown Example





Should This Producer Sign Up? Brown Example



Food and Natural Resources

You Must Factor In Other Producers' Response

Senate version

- If sign up is large, market stabilization could play a big role and could make it more attractive to stay out
- If sign up is small, market stabilization could play a smaller role making sign up for margin insurance important

□ House version

- If sign up is large then sign up is more important because margin insurance payments prolongs low market prices
- If sign up is small then opting out carries less risk of long low market outcomes
- □ Signup for the life of the farm bill

Summary

- □ Still early in the process in determining exactly how these programs would be passed and implemented
- USDA would have to issue rules once the farm bill is passed
- Expect calculators from academics to be available for you to help with the choice
- Do not expect the next five years to be like the 2009 to 2013 period

