Training Other Volunteers

Developing Your Own Skills as a Trainer

Before the word **training** conjures visions of identically-prepared volunteers doing exactly the same tasks in exactly the same ways, re-think the term! Instead, imagine the process of helping volunteers in their own process of learning, stretching, becoming.

Since learning is something an individual does for himself, your training task is to help volunteers want to learn, and to create settings where they can interact with information which will move them toward needed capabilities.

There are several layers of learning through which you'll want to help your volunteer's progress: unawareness, awareness, interest, acceptance, conviction, and finally, commitment. Orientation, basic training, continued training, periodic review with feedback, and transitional training for changing roles are planned opportunities to help volunteers move toward commitment.

For training to be effective, the support system should: develop training for basic role duties and skills; create an annual training calendar; plan training so it precedes the time it will be applied; provide a means for individualized instruction at any time; involve knowledgeable volunteers as trainers; and maintain accurate and up-to-date records on volunteer participation in training.

Ideas for Training Volunteers

How do you get volunteers to participate in training? The following ideas were generated by 4-H staff in response to the question: How can we get information and necessary training to volunteers who won't attend training meetings?" Add your own ideas to those listed.

GETTING THEM TO MEETINGS:

Many people suggested ways to get volunteers to attend meetings. These suggestions included:

- Provide free meal, refreshments
- Hold the meeting in three or four locations around the county or community
- Offer the meeting at different times day, night, etc.
- Involve the volunteers in teaching, and sharing successful ideas
- Improve the promotion and marketing of the meeting
- Use a well-planned two-hour time frame for training during the meeting
- Set up a certification system, with a series of classes that volunteers must complete
- Offer exciting new program ideas
- Contact employers and arrange for release time for volunteers to attend training
- Involve the volunteers in planning the program
- Require pre-registration
- Be sure meetings are fun and involvement-centered
- Ask each group to send a percentage of their leaders based on group enrollment (quota system)
- Bring in an outside expert for teaching
- Offer CEU's (Continuing Education Units)
- Offer drawings and prizes for attendance
- Offer training on several subjects on a continuing basis you have to attend to get it all





- Have special recreational or social meetings and offer training during that time
- Offer mini-workshops during events when lots of adults are standing around
- Ask experienced volunteers to bring new leaders
- Involve experienced volunteers in teaching and ask them to promote the training
- Send out a survey to find out what volunteers want assistance with
- Use special invitations that sound exciting
- Make training mandatory, but offer flexible schedule
- Include an activity that gives volunteers something to take home
- Make attending an incentive; in other words, when a volunteer attends a county workshop, they become eligible to attend the state leader forum
- Give special recognition to those who attend training at area events

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TAKING TRAINING TO VOLUNTEERS

Another suggestion dealt with taking the training to the volunteers, rather than asking them to attend a county-wide session. Suggestions included:

- Tape basic orientation information on audio or video and allow new volunteers to listen to it at their convenience. Follow up with one of the following ideas.
- Kitchen conferences, meet with a small group of volunteers in a home.
- Meet with volunteers at meetings, before or after
- One on one contact at their convenience
- Provide some information and training at other events
- Make personal visits
- · Hold an adult retreat or camp with fun activities as well as training

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INVOLVING OTHERS IN THE TRAINING

Many suggestions related to sharing the load with others, possibly a "train the trainer" model.

- Use the committee who plans and conducts training
- Train the volunteers to train
- Train 2-3 volunteers to provide training at local level
- Ask experienced volunteers to serve as mentors
- Develop a corp of volunteers who are assigned to teach other volunteers
- Share lessons from T³ Training Trainers to Teach

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USING MEDIA

Many suggestions related to the use of newsletters, mailings, and audio-visual media.

- Develop a video-tape, CD, or DVD series for check out and study.
- Develop lessons for access via the computer or telephone





- Coordinate a mailing and telephone follow-up to new volunteers on basics.
- Set up teleconferences with leaders
- Develop "teleline" topics that volunteers could call and listen to.
- Call to remind them of meetings and follow up with phone calls after the meeting
- Develop and mail a monthly or bi-monthly lesson with a guiz after each lesson
- Offer a correspondence course with a certificate of recognition when the course is completed
- Include an information or training section in regular monthly newsletter
- Develop a special newsletter for volunteers
- Provide information through your county 4-H web site
- · Hold a tour and train as a part of that tour
- · Provide a handbook on their duties
- Work through the members to train the volunteers
- Set up an educational resource library in the Extension office and encourage volunteers to check out materials

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Your goal as a trainer will be to close the gap between the **actual** performance levels and **optimal** performance levels.

The following list of climate factors, described in *The Trainers Guide to Andragogy* by Dr John Ingalls, needs to be considered when creating teachable moments to close the performance gap. Use them as a thoroughly-plotted checklist for your next season training session.

Physical Surroundings	Interpersonal Relations	Organizational		
Space	Welcoming	Policy		
Lighting	Comfort Seating	Structure		
Acoustics	Informality	Clientele		
Décor	Warm-Up Exercises	Policy & Structure Committee		
Temperature	Democratic Leadership	Meeting Announcements		
Ventilation	Interpersonal Relationships	Informal Literature		
Seating Comfort	Handling VIPs	Program Theme		
Refreshments	Mutual Planning	Advertising		
Writing Materials	Assessing Needs	Posters & Displays		
Rest Rooms	Formulating Objectives	Exhibits Budget & Finance		
Audiovisual Aids	Designing & Implementing Activities	Agenda & Closing Time		
Coat Racks	Evaluation	Scheduling Frequency		
Parking	Closing Exercise	Traffic Directions		
Name Tags				



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Use the checklist for the large general sessions, conferences, skills workshops, small group discussions, task group sessions, courses, individual studies, meetings, and other efforts to help trainees interact with information.

Training Worksheet

	aining worksneet							
Use	e this worksheet when you plan a vo	lunteer tr	aining event.					
1.	. Why is this training needed?							
2.	2. How many will be trained?							
	What kind of people will they be?							
3.	B. How long should the training last	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
3. 4.								
••	1	1						
	2							
	3 4	3						
	5							
5.	5. Who will conduct the training? _							
6.	b. What is the current level of skills	or knowle	edge of these tra	inees?				
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7.	 What new skills or information wi 	ll be taug	nt?					
8.	B. How can I best help learners inte	act with	new information	? Which of these methods				
	would work best?							
	Computer-Assisted Instruction	on		Lecturettes/Lectures				
	Role Play Audio Visuals			Groups or Cohorts				
		ides	Posters	Overhead Projector				
	•		Records/Tapes	Flannel Board				
	Cassettes Chalk Board Vi Panel Discussions	deo Tape		Demonstrations				
	Tours or Trips			Exhibits				
	Team Teaching			Brainstorming				
	Case Study Simulation Games							
	Observation			Dramatization				
	Skill Workshops Coaching							
	Web Sites			Committee Work				
	Correspondence Course							
	Site Visits			Mentoring				
9.	What printed resources will be ne	eded?						



publications of organizations other books & pamphlets



	<pre>displays & charts information brought to class by individuals training manual other (specify)</pre>
10.	 Flip charts Overhead projector Sound/Slide show Filmstrip Movies Audio tape Video tape Chalk board Preprinted graphs, charts, etc. Specify:
	other (specify)
11.	What should training date, timing frequency, and session length be?
12.	What should be the content and sequence of sessions?
13.	Do I have a lesson plan? T ³ Training Trainers to Teach Others has generic lesson plans for teaching skills, knowledge or attitudes.
14.	How will participants be selected?
15.	What preparation do participants need?
16.	What will be the cost of the program?
17.	How will the training be measured?

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